

## ĐỀ CƯƠNG ÔN TẬP MÔN TIẾNG ANH

### I. VOCABULARY AND GRAMMAR

1. I'll go on holiday \_\_\_\_\_ I can.  
A. as soon as      B. as      C. until      D. how
2. Mr Brown \_\_\_\_\_ me a very nice letter a few days ago.  
A. sends      B. send      C. sent      D. have sent
3. I apologise \_\_\_\_\_ not writing sooner.  
A. of      B. to      C. in      D. for
4. Although John was the eldest in the family, he always let his sister \_\_\_\_\_ charge of the house.  
A. hold      B. make      C. take      D. get
5. There are many difficulties to be \_\_\_\_\_ with when they start to carry out a new plan.  
A. dealt      B. removed      C. attacked      D. overcome
6. Can you \_\_\_\_\_ me 5\$ until next week?  
A. borrow      B. let      C. lend      D. rent
7. If he \_\_\_\_\_ lucky, he can get the job.  
A. is      B. had been      C. would be      D. would have been
8. I don't think he'll ever \_\_\_\_\_ the shock of his wife's death.  
A. get through      B. get over      C. get by      D. get off
9. When he heard the terrible noise he asked me what was \_\_\_\_\_ on.  
A. happening      B. being      C. getting      D. going
10. You \_\_\_\_\_ me, because I didn't say that.  
A. must misunderstand      C. must have misunderstood  
B. must be understanding      D. had to misunderstand
11. My English is far from perfect but I know enough to get \_\_\_\_\_.  
A. in      B. with      C. by      D. over
12. Some authors are too \_\_\_\_\_ to criticism.  
A. sensible      B. sensitive      C. sensational      D. senseless
13. I was told that \_\_\_\_\_ care could have prevented the accident. Is that true?  
A. few      B. a few      C. little      D. a little
14. Give me the message to \_\_\_\_\_ is at the desk!  
A. that      B. what      C. whomever      D. whoever
15. \_\_\_\_\_ in ill-fitting clothes, he smiled a warm welcome.  
A. Dress      B. Dressing      C. Dressed      D. Being dressed



29. The government is encouraging everyone to \_\_\_\_\_ water by not washing their cars.  
 A. waste                      B. save                      C. spend                      D. use
30. You've just \_\_\_\_\_ yourself. You said the opposite a few minutes ago.  
 A. disagreed                      B. disputed                      C. objected                      D. contradicted
31. Jane: Thank you for a lovely evening. Barbara: \_\_\_\_\_  
 A. You are welcome                      C. Thanks  
 B. Have a good day                      D. Cheer!
32. This engine is really \_\_\_\_\_, it can run for 30 km on only 1 litre of fuel.  
 A. affective                      B. effective                      C. efficient                      D. affected
33. Excuse me sir, are we allowed \_\_\_\_\_ dictionaries into the exam?  
 A. take                      B. to take                      C. taking                      D. took
34. At last the bus came. We \_\_\_\_\_ for half an hour.  
 A. waited                      C. have waited  
 B. was waiting                      D. had been waiting
35. There was a time when watching TV really \_\_\_\_\_ family entertainment.  
 A. were                      B. was                      C. are                      D. is
36. Yesterday I passed by Peter's house, but the front door was closed. He \_\_\_\_\_ out.  
 A. went                      B. must have gone                      C. has gone                      D. had had
37. By the time I applied, all the holiday vouchers \_\_\_\_\_ . used up.  
 A. had been                      B. have been                      C. was                      D. are
38. \_\_\_\_\_ bread is regarded by some as a therapeutic activity.  
 A. To make                      B. Made                      C. Making                      D. Having made
39. She has \_\_\_\_\_ money that she can buy everything she wants.  
 A. such                      B. so                      C. so much                      D. so many
40. It's time they \_\_\_\_\_ promotion, in my view.  
 A. get                      B. got                      C. will get                      D. have got
41. People used to think that heavy things always \_\_\_\_\_ faster than light things.  
 A. fall                      B. collapsed                      C. destroyed                      D. fell

42. The candidate \_\_\_\_\_ to have withdrawn her application.  
 A. claimed            B. said            C. denied            D. reported
43. She \_\_\_\_\_ on her computer for more than two hours when she decided to stop for a rest.  
 A. has worked            C. was working  
 B. has been working            D. had been working
44. It's nice I am now in London again. This is the second time I \_\_\_\_\_ there.  
 A. will be            B. would be            C. was            D. have been
45. I \_\_\_\_\_ my Mum by cooking dinner for her.  
 A. cheered up            B. looked up            C. waited for            D. felt like
46. "If we can't afford a car, we'll just have to \_\_\_\_\_ one."  
 A. do with            B. put up with            C. do without            D. catch up with
47. A good essay must \_\_\_\_\_ contain enough interesting ideas and specific exam but also have good organization.  
 A. in addition            B. either            C. not only            D. as well
48. "You should stop working too hard \_\_\_\_\_ you'll get sick."  
 A. or else            B. if            C. in case            D. whereas
49. In order to avoid boredom, the most important thing is to keep on \_\_\_\_\_ .  
 A. occupation            B. occupied            C. occupant            D. occupational
50. I agree \_\_\_\_\_ you \_\_\_\_\_ what the problem is.  
 A. with / in            B. with / for            C. on / about            D. with/about
51. "How many times have I told you \_\_\_\_\_ football in the street?"  
 A. not to play            B. do not play            C. not playing            D. not to have played
52. We couldn't fly \_\_\_\_\_ because all the tickets had been sold out.  
 A. economical            B. economy            C. economic            D. economics
53. "Should we bring a lot of money on the trip?" – "Yes. \_\_\_\_\_ we decide to stay longer."  
 A. So that            B. Because            C. In case            D. Though
54. After nine months without any rain, the country was facing one of the worst \_\_\_\_\_ in the last fifty years.  
 A. draughts            B. floods            C. eruptions            D. droughts
55. It's the most \_\_\_\_\_ story I've ever read.  
 A. boring            B. bore            C. bored            D. boringly
56. Over the past two years the \_\_\_\_\_ of living has risen considerably.  
 A. rate            B. change            C. cost            D. price

57. She'd rather watch television, \_\_\_\_\_?  
 A. didn't she      B. wouldn't she      C. hadn't she      D. doesn't she
58. Instead of \_\_\_\_\_ a new car, she'll have her old one .....  
 A. to buy/ repaired      C. buying/ be repaired  
 B. buying/ to repair      D. buying/ repaired
59. I'd rather you \_\_\_\_\_ too much time surfing the Internet.  
 A. don't spend      B. not spend      C. didn't spend      D. not to spend
60. Emily said that her teacher \_\_\_\_\_ to London \_\_\_\_\_.  
 A. will go/ tomorrow      C. had gone/ the next day  
 B. would go/ the next day      D. goes/ today

**II. For each question, choose the correct answer.**

1. **Please note:**  
 this afternoon's football class will be tomorrow instead, as Mr Hall is away today.
- A. There is no football class today.  
 B. Mr Hall can't come to the football class tomorrow.  
 C. You can choose to go to the football class today or tomorrow.
2. Hi Jane,  
 Have you finished with that book I lent you? It's just that my brother needs it for a school project.  
 Thanks,  
 Louise
- A. Louise is offering to lend Jane a book.  
 B. Louise wants her book back from Jane.  
 C. Louise's brother has borrowed a book from Jane.
3. **Picnic area**  
 No ball games here – please use the other side of the park.
- A. You can buy food somewhere else in the park.  
 B. Please don't eat while you are playing sport here.  
 C. This is a place for eating and you can't play football here.

4.

Museum open from 12.  
Children must be with an adult.

- A. Adults can take children to the museum in the morning.
- B. Adults with children over 12 will enjoy the museum.
- C. Children can visit the museum if they are with an adult.

5.

**From:** Mrs Monmouth, Head Teacher  
**To:** All Pupils and Parents  
Hello,  
This week, please don't use the car to get to school. Coming on foot is healthy and doesn't take much time.  
Thanks  
Mrs Monmouth

- A. to ask pupils to walk to school.
- B. to tell pupils to get to school on time.
- C. to explain about a health problem at school.

Why has Mrs Monmouth written this message?

6.

**Pedro's Pizza Bar**  
Buy two pizzas at the same time, and we'll give you a third one for free! This offer is Mon-Fri only.

- A. Pedro's Pizza Bar isn't open at weekends.
- B. The third time you visit, you get a free pizza.
- C. Three pizzas cost the same as two.

7.

John,  
You know I said that football practice will be on Wednesday ...  
Well, it isn't – it's on Thursday.  
Sorry! See you there.  
Cheers, Adam

- A. to ask if John wants to play football.
- B. to tell John that Adam can't play football.
- C. to let John know about a change of plan.

Why has Adam written this message?

8.

**SCHOOL FESTIVAL OF BOOKS  
Meet Ralph Sparks.**

Hear how he got ideas for his books, including *History of Exploring the New World*.

**Thurs 9 a.m. Room D31.**

- A. buy books.
- B. read about explorers.
- C. come and listen to a writer.

9.

**Science Museum trip next Friday**

Tickets are available for \$4 (for coach transport to the museum, and for museum entry).

If you're interested, see Mr Goss.

- A. You can now buy tickets for the museum trip.
- B. Tell Mr Goss how you want to travel to the museum.
- C. Mr Goss will tell you if you need a ticket to the museum.

10.

**From:** Lizzie

**To:** Jenny

Jenny,

I think I left my scarf in your flat after the party. Have you seen it? Otherwise I'll buy another one.

Lizzie

- A. to invite Jenny to a party
- B. to tell Jenny about a shopping trip
- C. to ask about something that she's lost

Why has Lizzie written this?

11.

Hi Dave,

I broke my tennis racket. Can I use yours? I'll give it back in maths tomorrow. By the way, wasn't the homework difficult?

Mike

- A. play tennis with Dave.
- B. borrow something from Dave.
- C. get help from Dave with the homework.

Mike wants to

12.

Mr Gregson is away today.  
Class 3, at 9 a.m., please go and join  
Class 4 in Room 7C for geography.  
Mr Gergson will be back tomorrow.

- A. There isn't a geography lesson tomorrow.
- B. Class 4's lesson is happening at a different time today.
- C. There will be more people in Room 7C than usual today.

13.

School singing practice starts this  
week. Please don't arrive later than  
1:25, as we must all be ready by 1:30.

Thank you.

- A. Singing practice starts at 1:25.
- B. There is no singing practice this week.
- C. Please arrive early for singing practice.

14.

You may return games that aren't  
opened to the shop and get your  
money back.

You can return a game if

- A. it doesn't work.
- B. you don't like it.
- C. you haven't used it.

15.

**Book club**

Do you enjoy discussing books with  
classmates? Yes? Then come along to  
the book club. To join, contact Mr  
Sponforth.

Speak to Mr Sponforth if

- A. you are interested in becoming a member of the book club.
- B. you would like to borrow a book from the club.
- C. you have read the same book as your classmates.

16.

Hi Dad! It's Sam's birthday, so I want  
to buy a present. Could you lend me  
enough to get him something from the  
bookshop? Thanks! Davey

Davey wants to

- A. go shopping with his dad.
- B. borrow some money.
- C. ask what to get for Sam.



17.

**HONEY CAFÉ**

Unfortunately two of our staff are ill today. (We must have at least three to open.)

Open at 9 a.m. tomorrow.

- A. The café is closed today.
- B. We are looking for more staff.
- C. Tomorrow we open at a different time.

18.

**Smitford's Computer Store**

Bring us your old laptop\* when you get a new one from us and receive **£100** off.

\*must still work

- A. We repair old laptops.
- B. Old laptops are for sale for £100.
- C. Save money when you buy a new laptop.

19.

Hi Dave,  
I hope you can still play football today. The time of the game has changed to 5.00 p.m. See you there.  
Mike

- A. Dave and Mike will go to the game together.
- B. Mike thinks Dave wants to change the time of the game.
- C. Mike wants Dave to know the time of the game.

20.

**WANTED: Cleaner**  
**No experience needed**  
**Must be hard worker**  
**Phone: 07654 321111**

- A. Somebody wants a cleaner with no experience.
- B. Somebody wants a cleaner and experience is not important.
- C. Somebody wants a hard-working cleaner with no experience.

21.

**To:** Diana  
**From:** Ruth  
Diana,  
Sorry, I will be late for our meeting today. Please start the meeting without me and I will join you when I can.

- A. Ruth will come to the meeting after it starts.
- B. Ruth wants Diana to wait for her before the meeting.
- C. Ruth will start the meeting later than she planned to start it.

22.

**Special Supermarket Offer!**

Today only!  
5 bananas for £2  
Offer ends at 5 p.m.

- A. After 5 p.m. bananas will be more expensive.
- B. You can only buy bananas today.
- C. Before 5 p.m. there is no special offer.

23.

Henry,  
I forgot eggs. We don't need many,  
but I want you to bake a cake. Can you  
get some on your way home?  
Monika

- A. Monika wants to bake a cake.
- B. Monika wants Henry to buy eggs.
- C. Monika doesn't need eggs.

24.

**LATE NIGHT  
SHOPPING!**

Until 8 p.m. in the week and until 10  
p.m. at the weekend

- A. On Mondays you can shop at 9 p.m.
- B. On Fridays you can only shop after 8 p.m.
- C. On Saturdays and Sundays you can shop at 9 p.m.

25.

**STAFF PARKING ONLY**

**For extra spaces and student  
parking, turn left**



- A. This is the only place where staff can park.
- B. Extra space is only for students.
- C. Turn left if you are staff and the car park is full.

**III. For each question, choose the correct answer.**

**Ice cream**

Fifty years ago, people only ate ice cream in the hot summer months - but now (1)..... is eaten at any time of the year. Who made the first ice cream is a question (2)..... we can't answer, but we think an Italian adventurer called Marco Polo saw people (3)..... ice cream in China 700 years ago. He brought the idea back to Italy. It soon became very popular.

Ice cream then became very popular in France, (4)..... only very rich people had enough money to buy it. Before we had fridges, people used large pieces of ice from lakes to (5)..... ice cream cold. The first ice cream factory opened in America in 1851. Americans eat more ice cream than (6)..... other nationality – 23 litres per person per year!

- |    |          |           |            |
|----|----------|-----------|------------|
| 1. | A. they  | B. it     | C. she     |
| 2. | A. that  | B. who    | C. when    |
| 3. | A. doing | B. making | C. liking  |
| 4. | A. but   | B. so     | C. or      |
| 5. | A. keep  | B. kept   | C. keeping |
| 6. | A. all   | B. any    | C. each    |

**Rice**

Did you know that for half the people in the world, rice is (1)..... most important food? Most of these people live in Asia (2)..... a person might eat 90 to 180 kilograms of rice in one year!

But where did rice come from? Indian people (3)..... growing rice 5,000 years ago, but we think that people first grew rice in China. The first Europeans that grew rice lived in Spain. American settlers (4)..... growing rice about 400 years ago.

(5)..... are thousands of different kinds of rice. Wild rice grows in lakes in Canada and you can sometimes find 'hill rice' growing like grass in dry fields. (6)..... most rice grows in about 15 centimetres of water in special flat fields called 'paddies'.

- |    |         |        |          |
|----|---------|--------|----------|
| 1. | A. the  | B. a   | C. one   |
| 2. | A. when | B. how | C. where |
| 3. | A. were | B. was | C. are   |

- |    |           |            |            |
|----|-----------|------------|------------|
| 4. | A. wanted | B. decided | C. started |
| 5. | A. These  | B. There   | C. They    |
| 6. | A. And    | B. So      | C. But     |

### Life before mobile phones

Today, (1)..... all teenagers have a mobile phone and cannot imagine life without one. But most of their parents did not have a mobile phone when they were young – the (2)..... of one did not even enter their heads.

Twenty-five years ago, young people did not (3)..... to their friends on the phone very much. There were phones in the home, but these were used by the (4)..... family. Instead, young people often met up with their friends and did a variety of activities with them.

Today, many parents are happy for their teenage children to have a phone. They think there are good (5)..... for them having one. For example, if their children are out, they can call them to (6)..... where they are and what time they will be home.

- |    |             |            |               |
|----|-------------|------------|---------------|
| 1. | A. already  | B. nearly  | C. easily     |
| 2. | A. idea     | B. thing   | C. difference |
| 3. | A. say      | B. tell    | C. speak      |
| 4. | A. whole    | B. full    | C. extra      |
| 5. | A. ways     | B. reasons | C. sorts      |
| 6. | A. look out | B. go out  | C. find out   |

### Hip-hop

Hip-hop is more than just a (1)..... of music. For people who love hip hop, it is often a (2)..... of life. The words in the songs are very important as well as how people dance and the how they (3)..... .

Hip-hop started in the Bronx area of New York City in the 1970s. But like all music, hip-hop had its beginnings in (4)..... kind of music. In the case of hip-hop, this music was African-American music, and some even say African music. Since the 1990s hip-hop has (5)..... very popular all over the world. People have enjoyed hip-hop for more than forty years already. Like rock and roll, it will probably (6)..... to be popular for many more years!

- |               |              |           |
|---------------|--------------|-----------|
| 1. A. song    | B. band      | C. type   |
| 2. A. fashion | B. way       | C. reason |
| 3. A. dress   | B. wear      | C. show   |
| 4. A. another | B. different | C. other  |
| 5. A. begun   | B. arrived   | C. become |
| 6. A. stay    | B. continue  | C. keep   |

### Dolphins

Dolphins are different from the fish in the sea in many ways. They're part of the family of whales. They're warm, they (1)..... babies which stay with (2)..... mothers for years, and usually swim together in family groups called 'herds'.

People think that dolphins are unusually clever animals. Dolphins 'talk' to one another and understand each other very well and (3)..... dolphins can learn to understand words in our language. They also will (4)..... instructions. They're friendly and enjoy playing games, too. You often see (5)..... swimming near ships at sea.

Dolphins prefer to eat certain kinds of food which they can find even if it's dark, (6)..... they don't need to drink. They get all the water that they need from the fish they eat.

- |               |              |               |
|---------------|--------------|---------------|
| 1. A. has     | B. have      | C. are having |
| 2. A. its     | B. their     | C. our        |
| 3. A. many    | B. any       | C. a lot      |
| 4. A. follow  | B. following | C. followed   |
| 5. A. him     | B. it        | C. them       |
| 6. A. because | B. but       | C. or         |

**IV. For each question, choose the correct answer.**

**My city**

*Pop singer Charlotte Bond talks about living in London.*

I live in the centre of London. I love it because there's always something happening and there are people around whatever time it is. Famous people like it too - they often come here for the restaurants and shops.

I've lived here all my life. When I was little, I had singing lessons at a place near where I live now. I was afraid of the teacher at first, and some of the songs we did together were quite hard to learn. But she was good at what she did and I learned a lot of things that have helped me in my career.

When friends visit me now, I enjoy taking them sightseeing. You can get a bus around the city, but we prefer to walk. I've got a little car and I love driving, but there's so much traffic here, and it's hard to find parking spaces.

One building I love is the Natural History Museum. They sometimes hold parties there, and last December my band and I played at one. I'll never forget it. When I go to exhibitions at the museum with my friends, I tell them all about that night and how amazing it was.

Soon I'll be leaving London to go on tour with my band. We're playing in lots of new cities and I can't wait to explore them. We've sold lots of tickets, which is great. I'll be away from my family for six months, but they're coming to see me sing, so it's fine.

1. What does Charlotte love about the centre of London?
  - A. It is always busy.
  - B. Famous people often visit.
  - C. The shops are very good.
2. How does Charlotte feel about the singing lessons she had?
  - A. She's surprised she can remember them.
  - B. She's sorry she didn't try harder.
  - C. She's glad she did them.
3. What does Charlotte think is the best way to see the city?
  - A. by car
  - B. on foot
  - C. by bus
4. Why does Charlotte love the Natural History Museum?
  - A. She had a special experience there.
  - B. She thinks the building is beautiful.
  - C. She enjoys visiting the exhibitions.

5. What does Charlotte say about going on tour with her band?
- A. She hopes lots of people will buy tickets for her shows.
  - B. She feels excited about seeing new places.
  - C. She's worried she'll miss her family.

### **Playing music**

Playing music in a rock band is a great way to meet people who are interested in the same things as you, and to have a lot of fun. The first thing you'll need to do is decide what instruments you want in your band. Most bands have one or two guitars, a singer, drums and keyboards, but you can change this. However, every band must have drums – you will need someone who can play those.

The next thing is to find your bandmates. Begin by making a poster. Describe the kind of music you want to make and the instruments you want in your band. Put the poster up in your school or college and ask your friends if they know anyone who would like to join.

Once you have a band, you'll need to quickly think of a name. The best way to do this is to spend two hours with your bandmates, writing down hundreds of ideas. Most will be really bad, but there will be a few good ones. Choose something surprising and interesting, that people won't be able to forget.

Next, you'll need to practise as much as you can. You will need a place where you can make a lot of noise without making your neighbours angry. Trying to play quietly will not help you get better. Don't spend time learning songs written by other people. Try writing your own. And don't be afraid of writing about your normal everyday experiences. All bands begin like this.

1. Which instrument does the writer think is most important in a band?
- A. drums
  - B. guitars
  - C. keyboards
2. What does the writer suggest in the second paragraph?
- A. listen to your classmates' bands
  - B. advertise in the place where you study
  - C. ask your friends to join your band

3. What does the writer say about choosing a band name?
  - A. Make sure it is easy to remember.
  - B. Be ready to change it if it is not popular.
  - C. Spend a few weeks thinking about it.
4. The writer thinks it is important for new bands to
  - A. write songs about unusual things.
  - B. begin by learning famous songs.
  - C. play loudly when they practise.
5. What is the best title for this article?
  - A. The world's best rock band
  - B. How to start a rock band
  - C. My life in a rock band

### **A wonderful year**

*Ben Jones talks about his year of travel before studying at university.*

I always knew I wanted to spend a year travelling before university. I wanted to see the world, improve my skiing, make new friends from other countries and, more than anything, try lots of things I've never done before.

The first place I visited was France. I've always loved the French language and I wanted to study it. Then, while I was there, I became interested in French food. I took some cooking lessons at a farmhouse in the French countryside, and learned to make lots of lovely dishes.

Next, I visited Australia. My cousins live near the river in Sydney, so I had somewhere to stay. To begin with, we spent a lot of time sailing in their boat. But then I got a job in a hotel. It was great – the customers and staff were so friendly.

My last country was Japan, where I learned to become a skiing teacher. I planned to do a three-week course. But when I got there, I saw that I wasn't actually that good, so I changed to a seven-week one. The course was amazing and afterwards I got a job with a skiing company.

The other teachers were very friendly and on our days off, we did activities like snowboarding. One weekend we even did winter camping. That was quite interesting, but it was cold, so I can't say I slept well! Anyway, we're all planning to meet up soon and I can't wait.



1. What did Ben want to do during the year after he left school?
  - A. try some different sports
  - B. have some new experiences
  - C. meet up with old friends
2. Why did Ben go to France?
  - A. to do a French cooking course
  - B. to see the French countryside
  - C. to learn to speak French
3. Where did Ben live when he was in Australia?
  - A. in the hotel where he worked
  - B. with members of his family
  - C. on a boat on the river
4. Why did Ben change his course in Japan?
  - A. He heard about a better one.
  - B. He knew he needed more practice.
  - C. He wasn't enjoying the first one.
5. What does Ben say about winter camping?
  - A. It wasn't pleasant at night.
  - B. He would love to do it again soon.
  - C. It was the most interesting thing he's ever done.

### **Buddy, the Red Panda**

Buddy and his brother, Rusty, are red pandas. They were born on 15 June 2013 and have lived in their own cage at London Nature Centre since 2015. Wild red pandas live in India, China and other Asian countries, but experts think that there are only about 2,500 still living in the wild.

Luckily, a lot of zoos and wildlife parks around the world are trying to protect the red panda. They have to eat special food called 'bamboo' which is difficult to buy, so there are over 50 bamboo plants growing at the Nature Centre for the pandas.

Just a few months after the pandas arrived at the Nature Centre, a terrible thing happened – Buddy got out of the Nature Centre. He was very clever though because he stayed close to home, and away from the traffic on the city's crowded roads. It took four days for the workers of the Nature Centre to find him!

One of the people who worked at the Nature Centre and who went to look for Buddy was Trudy Andrews. Trudy's father, Mr Andrews, told her that birds don't like being too

close to animals like red pandas and they'll make a lot of noise to keep the panda away. He told her to look for Buddy up in the trees. Trudy heard some birds and looked up and saw Buddy there, just like her father explained.

Everyone was very happy when Buddy arrived back safely, especially Rusty! He happily shared some bamboo with his brother, who looked tired and was very hungry.

1. Buddy and Rusty
  - A. lived in China.
  - B. were born on the same day.
  - C. live together with other pandas.
2. The Nature Centre
  - A. has to buy special food for the red pandas.
  - B. gives the red pandas about 50 different types of food.
  - C. grows bamboo for the red pandas.
3. Buddy was lost
  - A. for less than a week.
  - B. far away from the Nature Centre.
  - C. with his brother, Rusty.
4. Mr Andrews
  - A. found Buddy in a tree.
  - B. worked at the Nature Centre.
  - C. knew how to find Buddy.
5. When Buddy arrived back home.
  - A. he gave his brother some food.
  - B. his brother wasn't very happy.
  - C. he had a meal with Rusty.

### **Rebecca Miles – wildlife presenter**

Rebecca Miles has always loved animals. When she was a child, she liked watching documentaries, TV programmes about real people and events. She also enjoyed going to the local zoo with her grandparents. Her father was an environmentalist, someone who works to protect the natural world, and she and her mother often went on trips with him, travelling to Africa and other parts of the world.

Rebecca studied zoology at university and began her career at a wildlife centre in Zambia. She worked with chimpanzees and studied how they live. She was also interested in

learning more about big cats like mountain lions. She made her first TV programme when she was 27. It was a documentary about tigers.

While she was in Asia, filming the documentary, she met her future husband, Ray. He was one of the cameramen on the programme. They quickly realized that they shared the same interests and cared about animals in danger. Now Rebecca and Ray work together on many different projects.

Apart from Zambia, Rebecca has travelled and worked all over Africa and Asia, and she and Ray are now planning to take their very first trip to South America to study mountain lions in the Andes. They would like to show where the mountain lions live and what they eat. They're interested in giving people information about the mountain lions and how to protect them.

Rebecca would like to write a book about her work and her life one day. She wants to make people think about the world they live in and all the amazing animals that are in danger. She'd like to show us that we can help even if we never travel to the places where those animals live.

1. As a child, Rebecca went to Africa
  - A. with her grandparents.
  - B. with her parents.
  - C. only with her mother.
2. Rebecca met Ray
  - A. when she was working in Africa.
  - B. when they were working in Asia.
  - C. when he was presenting a documentary.
3. Rebecca and Ray
  - A. have not been to South America.
  - B. have been to Africa and Asia together.
  - C. have worked in Zambia.
4. In the Andes, Rebecca wants to teach people
  - A. how to give food to the mountain lions.
  - B. how to live next to the mountain lions.
  - C. that the mountain lions need our help.
5. One of Rebecca's aims is
  - A. to think about dangerous animals.
  - B. to become an author.
  - C. to make people travel more.